

Listen to the ocean

Oil spill detection using radar satellite imagery

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Using Earth Observation for Water Quality Monitoring Workshop

13-14 October 2020



Impact of oil spills:

PML

- Immediate and long-term environmental damage
- Beaches, marshes and wetlands become unsuitable for wildlife
- Damaging effects on fragile underwater ecosystems
- Damaging effect on birds, marine mammals and fish



https://www.motherjones.com/environment/2019/04/deepwater-horizon-bp-oil-spill/

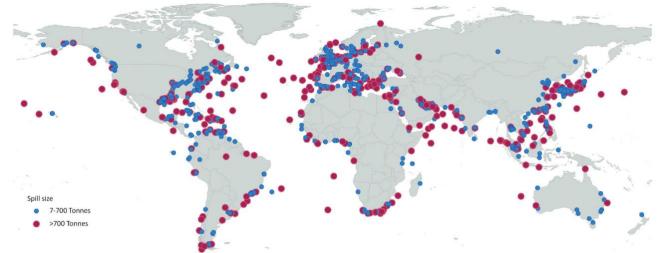


https://www.thoughtco.com/environmental-consequences-of-oil-spills-1204088

PML Phymouth Marine Oil Spills and Marine Pollution

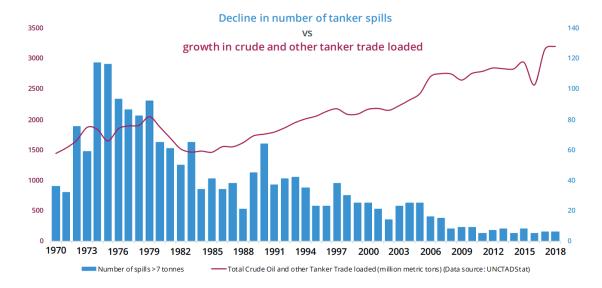
- Sea based sources:
 - o discharge from ships and oil platforms
 - release of oily ballast water and tank washing residues
 - transportation accidents
- Natural oil seeps
- Runoff from land sources



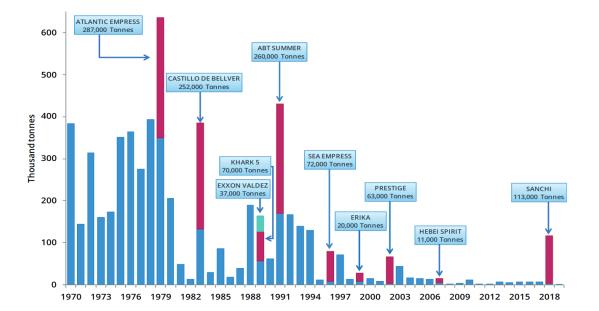


*This map represents nearly 90% of the spills (>7 tonnes) recorded in the ITOPF database. Records without specific location information have been omitted. Please note that approximate geographic coordinates have been used to map some records.

Oil Spills and Marine Pollution

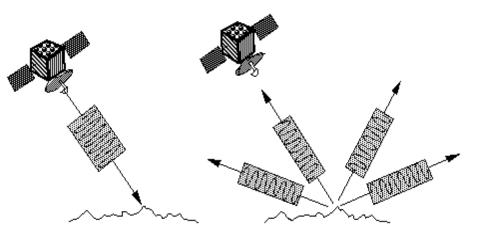


Tanker spills vs seaborne oil trade <u>(ITOPF Oil Tanker Spill</u> <u>Statistics 2019</u>)



Quantities of oil spill (ITOPF Oil Tanker Spill Statistics 2019)

PML Bymouth Marine SAR remote sensing of oil spills



Sentinel-1 SAR mission, ESA

- Sentinel-1A and Sentinel-1B sensors12-day revisit frequency
- C-band, HH + HV and VV + VH polarisations
- Resolution 5x5m, swath: < 400km

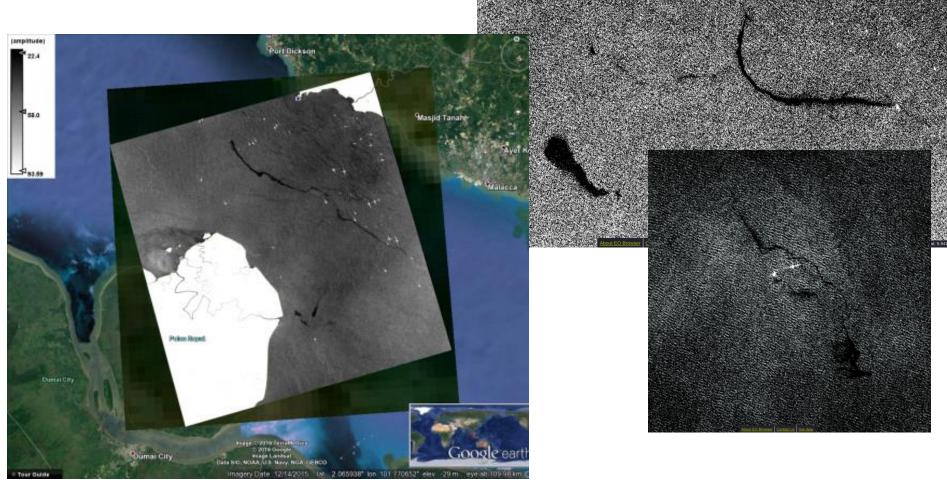
Synthetic Aperture Radar

- an active sensor, can be used at day and night
- uses microwaves that penetrate through clouds, fog and precipitation





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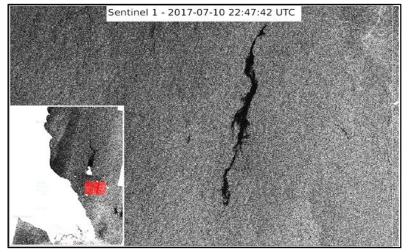


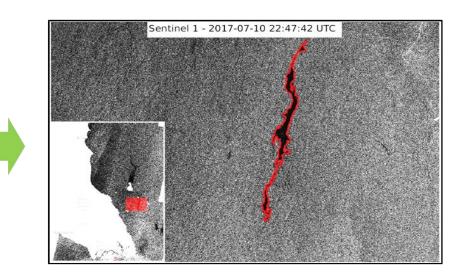
System Overview



Satellite oil detection

- Automated Satellite data delivery
- Oil detection algorithms
 - » Spill *location* and *extent*





- Oil on surface dampens waves
- Causes dark patches to appear in SAR data
- Machine-learning based approach used to delineate potential oil slicks from 'lookalikes'

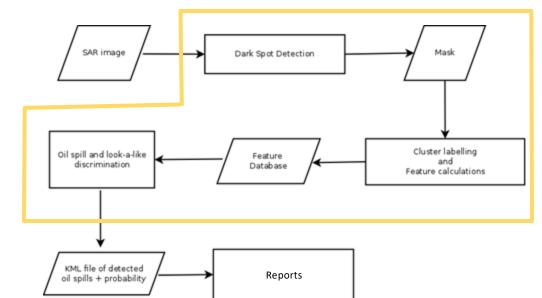
Oil Spill Detection Process

Oil spill detection:

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- o Multi-stage process.
- Automatic dark spot detection
- Machine learning method for discrimination into oil spills and look-alikes
- Training dataset includes: more than 220 examples of oil slicks and 550 examples of look-alikes



Application Example:

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Marine pollution in Mbao, Senegal in mid July 2020

Reported by Mbao fishermen who noticed thick oil slicks scattered in the area from Big Mbao to Little Mbao

Location: The African Refining Company (SAR)



Application Example: Mauritius Oil Spill Accident, 25 July 2020



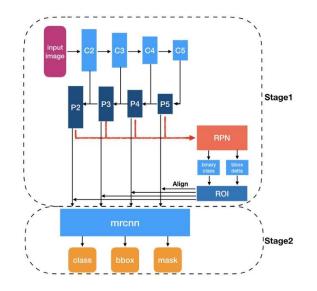
The **MV Wakashio** hit a coral reef, Pointe d'Esny, on **25 July** while carrying 4,000 tones of fuel oil.

Future Work

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- Extending Oil Spill Monitoring service to new regions, including West Africa
- Updating PML database with new examples oil spills and look-alikes
- Integration with AIS and satellite vessel location data
- Application of Deep Learning Neural Network techniques for oil spill detection





https://medium.com/@alittlepain833/simpleunderstanding-of-mask-rcnn-134b5b330e95

Thank you

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Questions?